

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number: 2775

SRM Name: Sulfur in Foundry Coke **Other Means of Identification:** Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for use in the evaluation of test methods and for the calibration of instruments used to determine sulfur in foundry (metallurgical) coke. A unit of SRM 2775 consists of 50 g of foundry coke that was ground to pass a 60 mesh (250 μ m) sieve, homogenized, and bottled under an argon atmosphere.

Company Information

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

Telephone: 301-975-2200 FAX: 301-948-3730 E-mail: SRMMSDS@nist.gov Website: http://www.nist.gov/srm

Emergency Telephone ChemTrec: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical Hazard: Not classified. **Health Hazard:** Not classified.

OSHA Defined Hazard: Combustible dust

Label Elements

Symbol

No Symbol/No Pictogram

Signal Word WARNING

Hazard Statement(s): May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary Statement(s): Not applicable.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Coke

Other Designations: coke, foundry; coke, breeze; coke 3X%; coke, industrial; coke, blast furnace.

Components are listed in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200; for the actual values see the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	EC Number (EINECS)	Nominal Mass Concentration (%)
Coke	65996-77-2	266-010-4	100

SRM 2775 Page 1 of 5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: If adverse effects occur after ingestion, seek medical treatment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: May cause irritation if inhaled.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek medical attention if needed.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Negligible fire hazard. Avoid generating dust; sufficient concentrations of fine dust dispersed in air, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential hazard. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Regular dry chemical, dry sand, water, and regular foam.

Unsuitable: None listed.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: None listed.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

NFPA Ratings (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

Health = 1 Fire = 1 Reactivity = 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Any accumulated material on surfaces should be removed and properly disposed of. Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Do not touch spilled material. Notify safety personnel of spills. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Isolate hazard area and deny entry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: Minimize dust generation and accumulation on surfaces. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Storage: Store and handling in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep separated from incompatible substances (oxidizing materials).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits: No occupational exposure limits have been established for coke. This material is a particulate matter and adequate inhalation/respiratory protection should be used to minimize exposure. The exposure limits for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) are applicable.

OSHA (PEL): 15 mg/m³ (TWA, total dust)

5 mg/m³ (TWA, respirable fraction)

NIOSH (REL): 10 mg/m³ (TWA, total particulates)

5 mg/m³ (TWA, respirable particulates)

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

SRM 2775 Page 2 of 5

Personal Protection: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. An eye wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Skin and Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn at all times when handling chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Descriptive Properties	Coke			
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	grey to black powder			
Molecular Formula	not applicable			
Molar Mass (g/mol)	not applicable			
Odor	varying odor			
Odor threshold	not available			
рН	not available			
Evaporation rate	>1 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Melting point/freezing point (°C)	not available			
Relative Density (g/L) (specific gravity)	$\sim 1.9 \text{ (water = 1)}$			
Vapor Pressure (mmHg)	not available			
Vapor Density (air $= 1$)	not available			
Viscosity (cP)	not available			
Solubility(ies)	water: insoluble			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	not available			
Particle Size	<250 μm (60 mesh)			
Thermal Stability Properties				
Autoignition Temperature (°C)	not available			
Thermal Decomposition (°C)	not available			
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	not available			
Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %)	not available			
Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %)	not available			
Flash Point (°C)	not available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	not available			
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.				
Stability: X Stable Ur	astable			
Possible Hazardous Reactions: None listed.				
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid generating dust. Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.				
Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing materials.				
Fire/Explosion Information: See Section 5, "Fire Fighting Measures".				
Hazardous Decomposition: Thermal decomposition	will produce oxides of carbon.			
Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur	X Will Not Occur			

SRM 2775 Page 3 of 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Route of Exposure: X Inhalation Skin Ingestion	
Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics: May cause irritation if inh	ıaled.
Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed):	
Inhalation: May cause irritation, chronic inhalation of coke may cause bronchitis.	
Skin Contact: No data available.	
Eye Contact: No data available.	
Ingestion: No data available.	
Numerical Measures of Toxicity:	
Acute Toxicity: Not classified; no data available.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified; no data available.	
Serious Eye damage/Eye irritation: Not classified; no data available.	
Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified; no data available.	
Skin Sensitization: Not classified; no data available.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified; no data available.	
Carcinogenicity: Not classified.	
Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Carcinogen Yes X No Coke is not listed by IARC, NTP or OSHA as a carcinogen/potential carcinogen.	
Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified; no data available.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: Not classified; no data available.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Not classified; no data available.	
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.	
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Ecotoxicity Data: No data available.	
Persistence and Degradability: No data available.	
Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available.	
Mobility in Soil: No data available.	
Other Adverse effects: No data available.	
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Waste Disposal: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.	
14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION	
U.S. DOT and IATA: Not regulated by DOT or IATA.	
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	
U.S. Regulations:	
CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): Not regulated.	
SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Not regulated.	
SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Not regulated.	
SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Not regulated.	

SRM 2775 Page 4 of 5

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE HEALTH: No. CHRONIC HEALTH: No. FIRE: No REACTIVE: No. PRESSURE: No.

State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: Not listed.

U.S. TSCA Inventory: Listed.

TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: Not listed.

Canadian Regulations: WHMIS Information is not provided for this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 23 July 2014

Sources: ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS *Coke*, 21 March 2014.

29 CFR Occupational Health and Safety Office (OSHA) 1910.1000, Limits for Air Contaminants,

Table Z-1; available at

http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?p_table=STANDARDS&p_id=9992

(accessed July 2014).

Center for Disease Control (CDC) NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, *Particulates not otherwise regulated*; available at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npgd0480.html (accessed July 2014).

Key of Acronyms:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and
	Hygienists		Health
ALI	Annual Limit on Intake	NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
CEN	European Committee for Standardization	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
	Compensation, and Liability Act		
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
CPSU	Coal Mine Dust Personal Sample Unit	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
EC50	Effective Concentration, 50 %	RM	Reference Material
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial	RQ	Reportable Quantity
	Chemical Substances		
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
	Act		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
IATA	International Air Transportation Agency	SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	SRM	Standard Reference Material
ISO	International Organization for Standardization	STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50 %	TDLo	Toxic Dose Low
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50 %	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	TWA	Time Weighted Average
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
		WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail srmmsds@nist.gov; or via the Internet at http://www.nist.gov/srm.

SRM 2775 Page 5 of 5